Thermal Behaviour and Antimicrobial Activity of Novel Series of Benzoylthiourea Derivatives

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Thermal behaviour and antimicrobial activity was investigated for a series of thiourea derivatives. The thermal behaviour of the compounds on heating up to 1000 K in nitrogen atmosphere was examined by thermogravimetry and differential thermal analysis. The compounds decompose in one or two stages. GC-MS combined system was used to identify the products during pyrolytic decompositions. The kinetic analysis of the thermogravimetric data was performed using the Coats-Redfern and Horowitz-Metzger methods. The antibacterial activities of these thiourea derivatives were investigated for three Gram positive (Enterococcus faecalis, Staphylocecus aureus and Staphylocecus epidermidis) and two Gram negative (Escherichia coli, Pseudomonas aeruginosa) bacteria by employing broth microdilution method and subsequently, inhibitory activity against yeast-like fungi (Candida albicans, Candida krusei, Candida glabrata and Candida parapsilosis) was also determined. Only three of the compounds showed antimicrobial activity and that were at a moderate level. None of them exhibited sufficient antifungal activity to become a drug candidate.

Key Words: Thermal analysis, Thiourea, Antimicrobial activity, Benzoylthiourea derivative.

INTRODUCTION

Some thiourea derivatives are selectively analytical reagents, especially for the determination of transition metals in complex interfering matrices^{1,2}. The complexation capacity of some thiourea derivatives has been reported in several papers^{3,4}. N,N-dialkyl-N'-benzoylthioureas have been found to be useful ligands for the potential determination of traces of the transition metals by means of normal phase chromatography^{2,4}. The biological activities of this type of

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