

MED UPDATE EUROPE GMBH - HAGENAUER STRASSE 53 - 65203 WIESBADEN

Mrs. Zehra Oksuz Karaarslan

Mersin UniversityMedical Pharmaceutical Microbiology department, Faculty of Pharmacy No:31, Çiftlikköy, Vali Şenol Engin Cd. 33110 Mersin Turkey med update europe GmbH

Hagenauer Straße 53 65203 Wiesbaden Tel.: + 49 611 9458799 - 1 Fax: + 49 611 9458799 - 9 info@medupdate-europe.com

www.medupdate-europe.com

Ust-IdNr. DE287642984 Nassauische Sparkasse IBAN DE33 5105 0015 0173 0358 41 BIC NASSDE55XXX

Managing Director: Claudia Weidenfeller Jurisdiction: Wiesbaden, HRB 26814

Wiesbaden, May 11th 2016

Acceptance of ePoster

Dear Mrs Oksuz Karaarslan,

Thank you for attending the 3rd Gastro Update Europe which took place April 29-30, 2016 in Praque, Czech Republic.

We are happy to confirm that your submitted ePoster "Prognostic values of serum microRNAs; miR-30c-5p,miR-223-3p, miR-302c-3p and miR-17-5pas novel non-invasive biomarkers for HCV-positive cirrhosis and hepatocellular carcinoma" was accepted by the Scientific Board of the congress and displayed on-site.

During the congress all important fields of gastroenterology were covered in two intense and exciting days. Both clinicians and practitioners profited immensely from the lectures, and improved their clinical and practical knowledge as well as the quality of their daily work. Participants also had the opportunity to interact with colleagues, exchange experiences and information on current trends and future directions in gastroenterology.

We hope to welcome you to the 4th Gastro Update Europe in Vienna, 7-8 April, 2017.

Sincerely.

Claudia Weidenfeller Managing Director

ale: cleu fitti

med update europe GmbH

med update europe GmbH

Hagenauer Straße 53 65203 Wiesbaden Tel.: 06 11 / 94 58 799 0

Fax: 06 11 / 94 58 799 0



Prognostic values of serum microRNAs; miR-30c-5p,miR-223-3p, miR-302c-3p and miR-17-5pas novel non-invasive biomarkers for HCV-positive cirrhosis and hepatocellular carcinoma

ÖKSÜZ Z¹, SERİN MS¹,², KAPLAN E², DÖGEN A¹, TEZCAN S³, ASLAN G³, EMEKDAŞ G³, SEZGİN O⁴, ALTINTAŞ E⁴, TİFTİK EN⁵, BAHARODİ A⁶

¹ Mersin University, Faculty of Pharmacy, Department of Pharmaceutical Microbiology, Mersin, TURKEY
² Mersin University, Advanced Technology Applications Research and Training Center, Mersin, TURKEY
³ Mersin University, Faculty of medicine, Department of Medical Microbiology, Mersin, TURKEY
⁴ Mersin University, Faculty of medicine, Department of Gastroenterology, Mersin, TURKEY
⁵ Mersin University, Faculty of medicine, Department of Hematology, Mersin, Turkey
⁶ Çukurova Üniversity, Faculty of medicine, Department of Medical Microbiology, Adana, TURKEY

Hepatitis C virus (HCV) infection is a serious global health problem in the worldwide. MicroRNAs (miRNAs), 17-to 25-nucleotide noncoding RNAs that are frequently dysregulated in hepatocellular carcinoma (HCC). In this study, plasma samples of patients with chronic hepatitis C (CHC), cirrhosis and HCC examined for a total of 60 miRNA expression profiles to provide potentially important noninvasiv biomarkers to be used for early diagnosis of HCC.

The study was conducted with 26 samples of CHC patients, 30 samples of 30 cirrhosis patients, 8 samples of HCC patients and 30 samples of healthy controls. Expression profiles of 60 miRNA were investigated with high capacity qRT-PCR byusing 96.96 dynamicarray IFCs.

The examples studied by Quantitative Real-Time PCR was evaluated by Biogazelle qBase PLUS statistical analysis. The expression profiles of 60 miRNA were analyzed in patient's plasma of CHC, cirrhosis and HCC and compared with control group samples. CHC group the expression levels of miR-30a-5p, miR-30c-5p miR-206 and miR-302c-3p were found statistically significant (p<0.05). Cirrhosis group; the expression levels of miR-30a-5p, miR-223-3p, miR-302c-3p, miR-17-5p, miR-130a-3p, miR-93-5p and miR-302c-5p were found statistically significant (p<0.05). HCC group; the expression levels of miR-17-5p, miR-223-3p and miR-24-3p were found statistically significant (p<0.05).

When expression levels of 60 miRNA were compared between 3 patients group and control groups, miR-223-3p, miR-17-5p and miR-24-3p were found to be potentially important non invasive biomarkers for early detection of HCC. These three miRNAs should be studied in further and larger volume of patient populations in cirrhosis and HCC in the future.

Keywords: Hepatitis C virus, cirrhosis, hepatocellular carcinoma, miRNA, Reverse Transcription Polymerase Chain Reaction (RT-PCR)